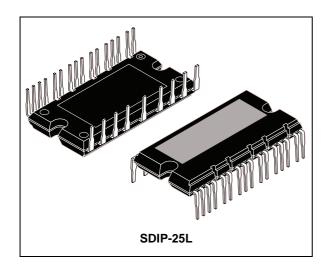
## STGIPS20C60



# SLLIMM™ small low-loss intelligent molded module IPM, 3-phase inverter - 20 A, 600 V short-circuit rugged IGBT

Datasheet - production data



## **Applications**

- · 3-phase inverters for motor drives
- Air conditioners

### **Description**

This intelligent power module provides a compact, high performance AC motor drive in a simple, rugged design. Combining ST proprietary control ICs with the most advanced short-circuitrugged IGBT system technology, this device is ideal for 3-phase inverters in applications such as motor drives and air conditioners. SLLIMM™ is a trademark of STMicroelectronics.

#### **Features**

- IPM 20 A, 600 V 3-phase IGBT inverter bridge including control ICs for gate driving and freewheeling diodes
- · Short-circuit rugged IGBTs
- 3.3 V, 5 V, 15 V CMOS/TTL inputs comparators with hysteresis and pull down / pull up resistors
- Undervoltage lockout
- Internal bootstrap diode
- Interlocking function
- Smart shutdown function
- Comparator for fault protection against over temperature and overcurrent
- · DBC leading to low thermal resistance
- Isolation rating of 2500 V<sub>rms</sub>/min
- UL recognized: UL1557 file E81734

**Table 1. Device summary** 

Order code Marking		Package	Packaging
STGIPS20C60	GIPS20C60	SDIP-25L	Tube

Contents STGIPS20C60

## **Contents**

1	Internal block diagram and pin configuration	. 3
2	Electrical ratings	. 5
	2.1 Absolute maximum ratings	. 5
	2.2 Thermal data	. 6
3	Electrical characteristics	. 7
	3.1 Control part	. 9
	3.2 Waveforms definition	.11
4	Smart shutdown function	12
5	Application information	14
	5.1 Recommendations	15
6	Package mechanical data	16
7	Packaging mechanical data	18
8	Revision history	19

## 1 Internal block diagram and pin configuration

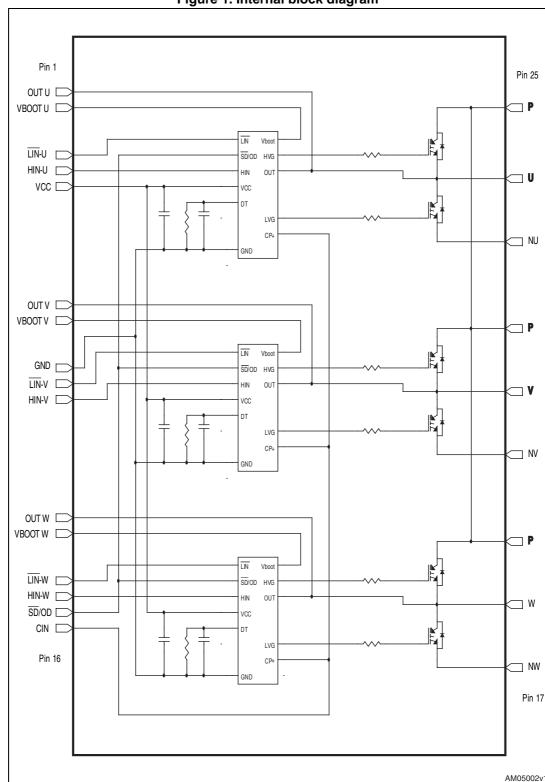
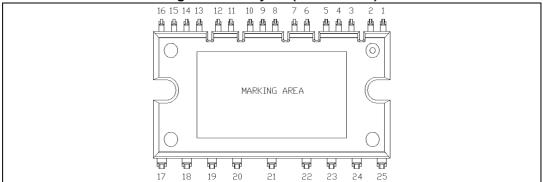


Figure 1. Internal block diagram

Table 2. Pin description

Pin n°	Symbol	Description
1	OUT <sub>U</sub>	High-side reference output for U phase
2	V <sub>bootU</sub>	Bootstrap voltage for U phase
3	LIN <sub>U</sub>	Low-side logic input for U phase
4	HIN <sub>U</sub>	High-side logic input for U phase
5	V <sub>CC</sub>	Low voltage power supply
6	OUT <sub>V</sub>	High-side reference output for V phase
7	V <sub>boot V</sub>	Bootstrap voltage for V phase
8	GND	Ground
9	LIN <sub>V</sub>	Low-side logic input for V phase
10	$HIN_V$	High-side logic input for V phase
11	OUT <sub>W</sub>	High-side reference output for W phase
12	V <sub>boot W</sub>	Bootstrap voltage for W phase
13	LIN <sub>W</sub>	Low-side logic input for W phase
14	HIN <sub>W</sub>	High-side logic input for W phase
15	SD / OD	Shutdown logic input (active low) / open-drain (comparator output)
16	CIN	Comparator input
17	N <sub>W</sub>	Negative DC input for W phase
18	W	W phase output
19	Р	Positive DC input
20	$N_V$	Negative DC input for V phase
21	V	V phase output
22	Р	Positive DC input
23	N <sub>U</sub>	Negative DC input for U phase
24	U	U phase output
25	Р	Positive DC input

Figure 2. Pin layout (bottom view)



STGIPS20C60 Electrical ratings

# 2 Electrical ratings

## 2.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 3. Inverter part

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>PN</sub>	Supply voltage applied between P - $N_U$ , $N_V$ , $N_W$	450	V
V <sub>PN(surge)</sub>	Supply voltage (surge) applied between P - $N_U$ , $N_V$ , $N_W$	500	V
V <sub>CES</sub>	Each IGBT collector emitter voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> = 0)	600	V
± I <sub>C</sub>	Each IGBT continuous collector current at T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	20	Α
± I <sub>CP</sub> (2)	Each IGBT pulsed collector current	40	Α
P <sub>TOT</sub>	Each IGBT total dissipation at T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	46	W
t <sub>scw</sub>	Short circuit withstand time, $V_{CE} = 0.5 V_{(BR)CES}$ $T_{J} = 125  ^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = V_{boot} = 15  \text{V}, V_{IN  (1)} = 0 - 5  \text{V}$	5	μs

- 1. Applied between HIN<sub>i</sub>,  $\overline{\text{LIN}}_{i \text{ and }}$  GND for i = U, V, W
- 2. Pulse width limited by max junction temperature

Table 4. Control part

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage applied between OUT <sub>U,</sub> OUT <sub>V,</sub> OUT <sub>W</sub> - GND	V <sub>boot</sub> - 21 to V <sub>boot</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low voltage power supply	- 0.3 to +21	V
V <sub>CIN</sub>	Comparator input voltage	- 0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
V <sub>boot</sub>	Bootstrap voltage applied between $V_{boot\ i}$ - OUT <sub>i</sub> for i = U, V, W	- 0.3 to 620	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Logic input voltage applied between HIN, $\overline{\text{LIN}}$ and GND	- 0.3 to 15	V
V <sub>SD/OD</sub>	Open drain voltage	- 0.3 to 15	V
dV <sub>OUT</sub> /dt	Allowed output slew rate	50	V/ns

Table 5. Total system

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>ISO</sub>	Isolation withstand voltage applied between each pin and heatsink plate (AC voltage, t = 60 sec.)	2500	V
T <sub>j</sub>	Power chips operating junction temperature	- 40 to 150	°C
T <sub>C</sub>	Module case operation temperature	- 40 to 125	°C

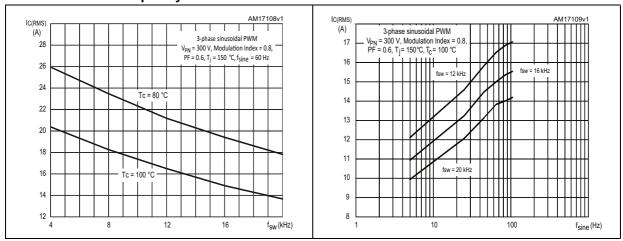
Electrical ratings STGIPS20C60

#### 2.2 Thermal data

Table 6. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Б	Thermal resistance junction-case single IGBT	2.7	°C/W
R <sub>thJC</sub>	Thermal resistance junction-case single diode	5	°C/W

Figure 3. Maximum  $I_{C(RMS)}$  current vs. switching frequency (1) Figure 4. Maximum  $I_{C(RMS)}$  current vs.  $f_{sine}$  (1)



<sup>1.</sup> Simulated curves refer to typical IGBT parameters and maximum  $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize thi-c.}}$ 

## 3 Electrical characteristics

 $T_J = 25$  °C unless otherwise specified.

Table 7. Inverter part

Cumbal	Parameter Test conditions	Toot conditions		Value		Unit
Symbol		rest conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CC} = V_{boot} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{IN}^{(1)} = 0 \div 5 \text{ V},$ $I_{C} = 20 \text{ A}$	-	1.6	2	V	
	saturation voltage	$V_{CC} = V_{boot} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{IN}^{(1)} = 0 \div 5 \text{ V},$ $I_{C} = 20 \text{ A}, T_{J} = 125 \text{ °C}$	-	1.7		V
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-cut off current (V <sub>IN</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> = 0 "logic state")	V <sub>CE</sub> = 550 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>Boot</sub> = 15 V	-		100	μА
V <sub>F</sub>	Diode forward voltage	$V_{IN}^{(1)} = 0$ "logic state", $I_C = 20 \text{ A}$	-		2.2	V
Inductive	load switching time and	energy				
t <sub>on</sub>	Turn-on time		-	390	-	
t <sub>c(on)</sub>	Crossover time (on)	V <sub>PN</sub> = 300 V,	-	170	-	
t <sub>off</sub>	Turn-off time	$V_{CC} = V_{boot} = 15 \text{ V},$	-	970	-	ns
t <sub>c(off)</sub>	Crossover time (off)	$V_{IN}^{(1)} = 0 \div 5 \text{ V},$ $I_C = 20 \text{ A}$	-	150	-	
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse recovery time		-	284	-	
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-on switching losses	(see <i>Figure 5</i> )	-	520	-	
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-off switching losses		-	460	-	+ µJ

<sup>1.</sup> Applied between HIN<sub>i</sub>,  $\overline{\text{LIN}}_{i \text{ and }}$  GND for i = U, V, W. ( $\overline{\text{LIN}}$  inputs are active-low).

Note:

 $t_{ON}$  and  $t_{OFF}$  include the propagation delay time of the internal drive.  $t_{C(ON)}$  and  $t_{C(OFF)}$  are the switching time of IGBT itself under the internally given gate driving condition.

Electrical characteristics STGIPS20C60

INPUT BOOT /Lin VBOOT>VCC /SD HVG RSD Hin VCC OUT Vcc DT LVG VCE GND CP+ ±\_0 AM17099v1

Figure 5. Switching time test circuit



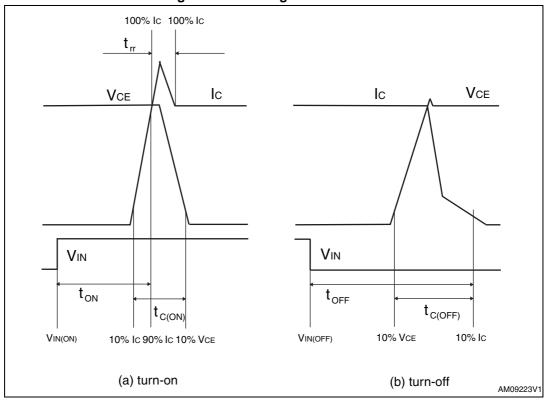


Figure 4 "Switching time definition" refers to HIN inputs (active high). For  $\overline{\text{LIN}}$  inputs (active low),  $V_{\text{IN}}$  polarity must be inverted for turn-on and turn-off.

## 3.1 Control part

Table 8. Low voltage power supply ( $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$  unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>cc_hys</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> UV hysteresis		1.2	1.5	1.8	V
V <sub>cc_thON</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> UV turn ON threshold		11.5	12	12.5	V
V <sub>cc_thOFF</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> UV turn OFF threshold		10	10.5	11	V
I <sub>qccu</sub>	Undervoltage quiescent supply current	$V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $\overline{SD}/OD = 5 \text{ V}; \overline{LIN} = 5 \text{ V};$ $H_{IN} = 0, C_{IN} = 0$			450	μA
I <sub>qcc</sub>	Quiescent current	$V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$ $\overline{SD}/OD = 5 \text{ V}; \overline{LIN} = 5 \text{ V}$ $H_{IN} = 0, C_{IN} = 0$			3.5	mA
V <sub>ref</sub>	Internal comparator (CIN) reference voltage		0.5	0.54	0.58	V

Table 9. Bootstrapped voltage ( $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$  unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>BS_hys</sub>	V <sub>BS</sub> UV hysteresis		1.2	1.5	1.8	V
V <sub>BS_thON</sub>	V <sub>BS</sub> UV turn ON threshold		11.1	11.5	12.1	V
V <sub>BS_thOFF</sub>	V <sub>BS</sub> UV turn OFF threshold		9.8	10	10.6	V
I <sub>QBSU</sub>	Undervoltage V <sub>BS</sub> quiescent current	$V_{BS} < 9 \text{ V}$ $\overline{SD}/OD = 5 \text{ V}; \overline{LIN} \text{ and}$ $HIN = 5 \text{ V}; C_{IN} = 0$		70	110	μΑ
I <sub>QBS</sub>	V <sub>BS</sub> quiescent current	$V_{BS} = 15 \text{ V}$ $\overline{SD}/OD = 5 \text{ V}; \overline{LIN} \text{ and}$ $HIN = 5 \text{ V}; C_{IN} = 0$		200	300	μΑ
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Bootstrap driver on resistance	LIN= 5 V; HIN= 0 V		120		Ω

Table 10. Logic inputs (V<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V unless otherwise specified)

Table 16: 20gle inpute (100 = 10 1 amobe callel wide opening)						
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$V_{il}$	Low level logic threshold voltage		0.8		1.1	V
V <sub>ih</sub>	High level logic threshold voltage		1.9		2.25	V
I <sub>HINh</sub>	HIN logic "1" input bias current	HIN = 15 V	110	175	260	μA
I <sub>HINI</sub>	HIN logic "0" input bias current	HIN = 0 V			1	μA
I <sub>LINI</sub>	LIN logic "1" input bias current	LIN = 0 V	3	6	20	μA
I <sub>LINh</sub>	LIN logic "0" input bias current	<u>LIN</u> = 15 V			1	μA
I <sub>SDh</sub>	SD logic "0" input bias current	<del>SD</del> = 15 V	30	120	300	μA
I <sub>SDI</sub>	SD logic "1" input bias current	<del>SD</del> = 0 V			3	μA
Dt	Dead time	see Figure 7 and Table 13		1.2		μs

Electrical characteristics STGIPS20C60

Table 11. Sense comparator characteristics ( $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$  unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>ib</sub>	Input bias current	V <sub>CIN(i)</sub> = 1 V	-		3	μΑ
V <sub>ol</sub>	Open-drain low-level output voltage	I <sub>od</sub> = 3 mA	-		0.5	V
t <sub>d_comp</sub>	Comparator delay	SD/OD pulled to 5 V through 100 kΩ resistor	-	90	130	ns
SR	Slew rate	$C_L = 180 \text{ pF}; R_{pu} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$	-	60		V/µsec
t <sub>sd</sub>	Shut down to high / low side driver propagation delay	$V_{OUT} = 0$ , $V_{boot} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IN} = 0$ to 3.3 V	50	125	200	
t <sub>isd</sub>	Comparator triggering to high / low side driver turn-off propagation delay	Measured applying a voltage step from 0 V to 3.3 V to pin CIN	50	200	250	ns

Table 12. Truth table

Condition	Logic input (V <sub>I</sub> )			Output		
	SD/OD	LIN	HIN	LVG	HVG	
Shutdown enable half-bridge tri-state	L	Х	х	L	L	
Interlocking half-bridge tri-state	Н	L	Н	L	L	
0 "logic state" half-bridge tri-state	Н	Н	L	L	L	
1 "logic state" low side direct driving	Н	L	L	Н	L	
1 "logic state" high side direct driving	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	

Note: X: don't care

#### 3.2 Waveforms definition

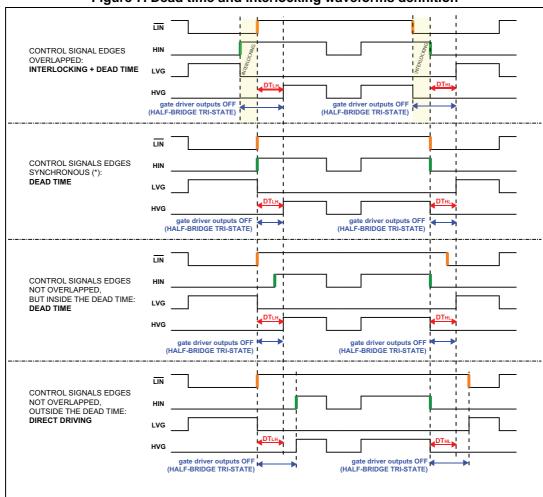


Figure 7. Dead time and interlocking waveforms definition

### 4 Smart shutdown function

The STGIPS20C60 integrates a comparator for fault sensing purposes. The comparator has an internal voltage reference V<sub>ref</sub> connected to the inverting input, while the non-inverting input, available on pin (C<sub>IN</sub>), can be connected to an external shunt resistor in order to implement a simple over-current protection function. When the comparator triggers, the device is set in shutdown state and both its outputs are set to low-level leading the halfbridge in tri-state. In the common overcurrent protection architectures the comparator output is usually connected to the shutdown input through a RC network, in order to provide a mono-stable circuit, which implements a protection time that follows the fault condition. Our smart shutdown architecture allows to immediately turn-off the output gate driver in case of overcurrent, the fault signal has a preferential path which directly switches off the outputs. The time delay between the fault and the outputs turn-off is no more dependent on the RC values of the external network connected to the shutdown pin. At the same time the DMOS connected to the open-drain output (pin SD/OD) is turned on by the internal logic which holds it on until the shutdown voltage is lower than the logic input lower threshold (V<sub>ii</sub>). Finally the smart shutdown function provides the possibility to increase the real disable time without increasing the constant time of the external RC network.

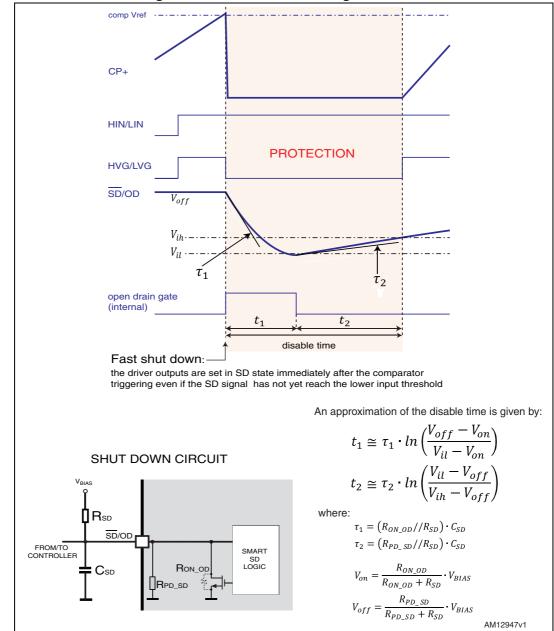
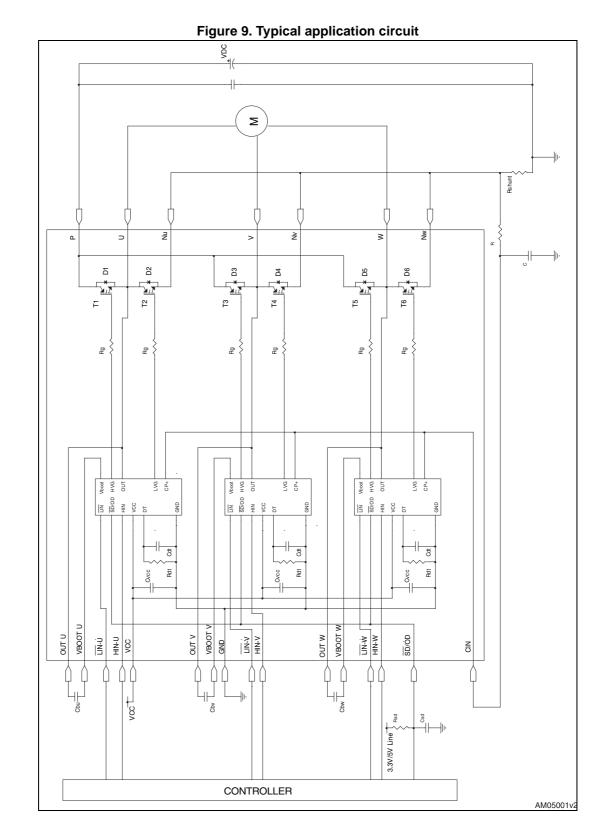


Figure 8. Smart shutdown timing waveforms

Please refer to *Table 11* for internal propagation delay time details.

# 5 Application information



#### 5.1 Recommendations

- Input signal HIN is active high logic. A 85 kΩ (typ.) pull down resistor is built-in for each high side input. If an external RC filter is used, for noise immunity, pay attention to the variation of the input signal level.
- Input signal LIN is active low logic. A 720 kΩ (typ.) pull-up resistor, connected to an internal 5 V regulator through a diode, is built-in for each low side input.
- To prevent the input signals oscillation, the wiring of each input should be as short as possible.
- By integrating an application specific type HVIC inside the module, direct coupling to MCU terminals without any opto-coupler is possible.
- Each capacitor should be located as nearby the pins of IPM as possible.
- Low inductance shunt resistors should be used for phase leg current sensing.
- Electrolytic bus capacitors should be mounted as close to the module bus terminals as
  possible. Additional high frequency ceramic capacitor mounted close to the module pins
  will further improve performance.
- The SD/OD signal should be pulled up to 5 V / 3.3 V with an external resistor (see Section 4: Smart shutdown function for detailed info).

Table 13. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value			Unit
	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit
V <sub>PN</sub>	Supply Voltage	Applied between P-Nu,Nv,Nw		300	400	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Control supply voltage	Applied between V <sub>CC</sub> -GND	13.5	15	18	V
V <sub>BS</sub>	High side bias voltage	Applied between $V_{BOOTi}$ -OUT <sub>i</sub> for $i$ =U,V,W	13		18	V
t <sub>dead</sub>	Blanking time to prevent Arm-short	For each input signal	1.5			μs
f <sub>PWM</sub>	PWM input signal	-40°C < T <sub>c</sub> < 100°C -40°C < T <sub>j</sub> < 125°C			20	kHz
T <sub>C</sub>	Case operation temperature				100	°C

Note: For further details refer to AN3338.



## 6 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: <a href="https://www.st.com">www.st.com</a>. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> is an ST trademark.

Please refer to dedicated technical note TN0107 for mounting instructions.

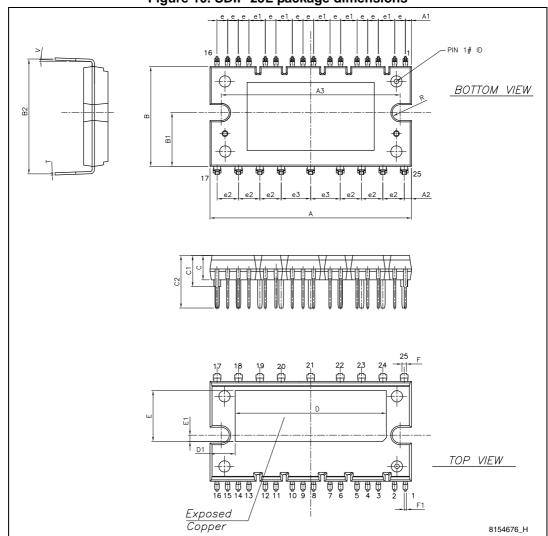
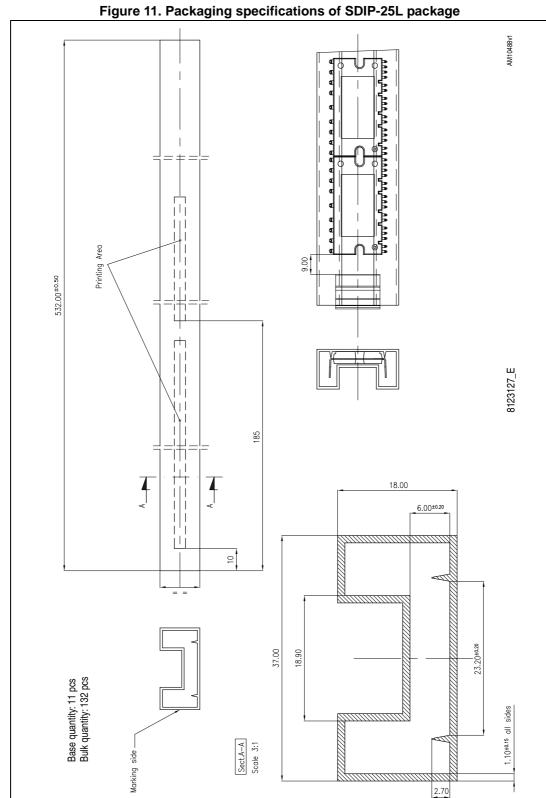


Figure 10. SDIP-25L package dimensions

Table 14. SDIP-25L package mechanical data

	(mm.)			
Dim.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
А	43.90	44.40	44.90	
A1	1.15	1.35	1.55	
A2	1.40	1.60	1.80	
A3	38.90	39.40	39.90	
В	21.50	22.00	22.50	
B1	11.25	11.85	12.45	
B2	24.83	25.23	25.63	
С	5.00	5.40	6.00	
C1	6.50	7.00	7.50	
C2	11.20	11.70	12.20	
е	2.15	2.35	2.55	
e1	3.40	3.60	3.80	
e2	4.50	4.70	4.90	
e3	6.30	6.50	6.70	
D		33.30		
D1		5.55		
E		11.20		
E1		1.40		
F	0.85	1.00	1.15	
F1	0.35	0.50	0.65	
R	1.55	1.75	1.95	
Т	0.45	0.55	0.65	
V	0°		6°	

#### Packaging mechanical data 7



STGIPS20C60 Revision history

# 8 Revision history

**Table 15. Document revision history** 

Date	Revision	Changes
08-Mar-2013	1	Initial release
20-Mar-2013	2	Added Figure 3 and Figure 4 on page 6.
17-Jun-2013	3	Updated Dt value in Table 10: Logic inputs (VCC = 15 V unless otherwise specified), Figure 7: Dead time and interlocking waveforms definition and t <sub>dead</sub> in Table 13: Recommended operating conditions.
09-Jul-2013	4	Updated Dt value in <i>Table 10: Logic inputs (VCC = 15 V unless otherwise specified)</i> .
16-Jul-2013	5	Updated Table 2: Pin description, Table 8: Low voltage power supply (VCC = 15 V unless otherwise specified) and Table 9: Bootstrapped voltage (VCC = 15 V unless otherwise specified)
14-May-2014	6	Updated Table 3: Inverter part, Table 6: Thermal data, Table 7: Inverter part and Section 7: Packaging mechanical data.  Minor text changes.

#### Please Read Carefully:

Information in this document is provided solely in connection with ST products. STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidiaries ("ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, modifications or improvements, to this document, and the products and services described herein at any time, without notice.

All ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection and use of the ST products and services described herein, and ST assumes no liability whatsoever relating to the choice, selection or use of the ST products and services described herein.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted under this document. If any part of this document refers to any third party products or services it shall not be deemed a license grant by ST for the use of such third party products or services, or any intellectual property contained therein or considered as a warranty covering the use in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained therein.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SET FORTH IN ST'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE ST DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE USE AND/OR SALE OF ST PRODUCTS INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION), OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

ST PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED OR AUTHORIZED FOR USE IN: (A) SAFETY CRITICAL APPLICATIONS SUCH AS LIFE SUPPORTING, ACTIVE IMPLANTED DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITH PRODUCT FUNCTIONAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS; (B) AERONAUTIC APPLICATIONS; (C) AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS OR ENVIRONMENTS, AND/OR (D) AEROSPACE APPLICATIONS OR ENVIRONMENTS. WHERE ST PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED FOR SUCH USE, THE PURCHASER SHALL USE PRODUCTS AT PURCHASER'S SOLE RISK, EVEN IF ST HAS BEEN INFORMED IN WRITING OF SUCH USAGE, UNLESS A PRODUCT IS EXPRESSLY DESIGNATED BY ST AS BEING INTENDED FOR "AUTOMOTIVE, AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY OR MEDICAL" INDUSTRY DOMAINS ACCORDING TO ST PRODUCT DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS. PRODUCTS FORMALLY ESCC, QML OR JAN QUALIFIED ARE DEEMED SUITABLE FOR USE IN AEROSPACE BY THE CORRESPONDING GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY.

Resale of ST products with provisions different from the statements and/or technical features set forth in this document shall immediately void any warranty granted by ST for the ST product or service described herein and shall not create or extend in any manner whatsoever, any liability of ST.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of ST in various countries.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics. All other names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2014 STMicroelectronics - All rights reserved

STMicroelectronics group of companies

Australia - Belgium - Brazil - Canada - China - Czech Republic - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Israel - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - Philippines - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - United States of America

www.st.com

20/20 DocID024138 Rev 6